Graphic Organizer: English III: Module 2: Lesson 1: Evaluating the Effectiveness of Arguments, i.e. Identity Fallacies

Section 3: Hunt the Wild Fallacy

When you have finished, mouse over the checkbox of for possible responses.

1. Excerpt from *Alice in Wonderland*: Fill in the blanks with either the correct fallacy, its explanation, and an example from the excerpt. The first one has been completed for you.

Fallacy: 1. Hasty generalization 2. Non-sequitur 3. Circular reasoning	Explanation: 1. This is a fallacy based upon insufficient evidence. 2
Example: 1. The Pigeon decides immediately that A that Alice has an elongated neck. 2	lice is a serpent, but draws the conclusion only from the fact

2. Excerpt from "Love Is a Fallacy": Just as you did above, fill in the blanks with the names of two fallacies, their explanations, and examples. The first one is completed for you.

Fallacy: 1. Stereotyping 2	Explanation: 1. This fallacy classifies certain people the same, usually negatively. 2
Example: 1. The speaker stereotypes "faddists" and 2. 3.	"Big Men on Campus." ✓ ✓

Graphic Organizer: English III: Module 2: Lesson 1: Evaluating the Effectiveness of Arguments, i.e. Identity Fallacies page 2

3. Excerpt from *Monty Python and the Holy Grail*: Once again, fill in the blanks with the names of four fallacies, their explanations, and examples.

Fallacy: 1	Explanation: 1
Example: 1 2 3 4	